## **Religious Education Curriculum Intent – Progression Skills**

**Religious Education - Primary Curriculum** 

Subject Intent Statement: (taken from the Bedfordshire Agreed Syllabus for RE 2018-23 which is followed by all primary schools in the pyramid)

The principal aim of RE is to explore what people believe and what difference this makes to how they live, so that pupils can gain the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to handle questions raised by religion and belief, reflecting their own ideas and ways of living.

To achieve this principal, aim the syllabus is built upon a threefold aim to ensure all pupils can do the following: -

- 1. Make sense of a range of religious and non-religious beliefs.
- 2. Understand the impact and significance of religious and non-religious beliefs.
- 3. Make connections between religious and non-religious beliefs, concepts, practices, and ideas studied.

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Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			2010 2000 V		
Key knowledge	Key Knowledge	In the Bedfordshire Agreed Syllabus 2018-2023 Year 3 and 4 fall under		Key Knowledge	Key Knowledge:
What do Christians believe God is	How and why do we celebrate	Lower Key Stage 2 – the topics are not ascribed to different year groups		petal attack	11
like?	significant times? What makes some	and different schools have allocated these topics according to the		RE-introduction	Islam: U2.8: How is faith expressed
That the Bible tells us about what	celebrations sacred to believers?	needs and makeup of their school population. Therefore, the following		Not part of Agreed Syllabus	in Islam?
God is like.	Know about 3 religious celebrations	will be covered before the end of year 4.		100 d 200 112 7 146 d 10 d 10 d	Made a server of health f
How Christians show that God loves	(e.g. Harvest, Eid and Pasach)	Kan Kaandadaa		Hinduism: U2.7: What helps Hindu	Make sense of belief
	Understand the religious beliefs that	Key Knowledge: Where, how and why do people worship? (Muslims, Jewish people,		people as they try to be good?	Identify and explain Muslim beliefs
them, focus on praising God.	link to festivals	<u> </u>	vorsnip: (wusiims, Jewish people,	Make sense of belief:	about God, the Prophet and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. tawhid; Prophet
Understanding of why Christians	link to restivais	<u>Christians)</u>		Identify and explain Hindu beliefs,	Muhammad* as the Messenger,
,	Understand that religious festivals	Know the key actions, features and	dartofacts that hold noonlo of	e.g. dharma, karma, samsara and	the Qur'an as the message).
pray.	impact on families and communities	different religions worship.	arteracts that help people of	moksha, using technical terms	Describe ways in which Muslim
Recognize that stories about Jesus'	impact on families and communities	different rengions worship.		accurately.	sources of authority guide Muslim
life can be come from the Gospels in	What can we learn from sacred books	Texts used for people in worship		Give meanings for the story of the	living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five
the Bible.	and stories?	Texts used for people in worship		man in the well and explain how it	Pillars; Hajj practices follow the
the bible.	Know the importance of a sacred	How worship can bring peace and	comfort, and how helievers value	relates to Hindu beliefs about	example of Muhammad).
	text, that they contain stories and	this.	comort, and now benevers value	samsara, moksha and dharma.	example of Mananinaay.
Why does Christmas matter to	how these texts are treated with				Understand the impact
Christians? How and why do we	respect.	Links between sacred tests and ho	w people worship today.	Understand the impact	Make clear connections between
celebrate special times?	Hadanstond the Chidden area aired an		, , , , , , , ,	Make clear connections between	Muslim beliefs and ibadah (e.g. Five
	Understand the 'hidden meaning' or moral in the stories in sacred texts	Why do some people think life is I	ike a journey? How and why do	Hindu beliefs about dharma, karma,	Pillars, festivals, mosques, art).
New vocabulary, including	moral in the stories in sacred texts	people mark the significant events		samsara and moksha and ways in	Give evidence and examples to
Incarnation	Link the stories in sacred texts to	Pupils can describe ceremonies for	different faiths and use their prior	which Hindus live.	show how Muslims put their beliefs
	values and morals	knowledge to describe their signifi	cance.	connect the four Hindu aims of life	into practice in different ways.
	values and morals			and the four stages of life with	
The nativity story. How this impacts	Key beliefs are found in stories from	To understand the metaphor 'life i	s a journey and know that life has	beliefs about dharma, karma,	Make connections
on Christian beliefs.	sacred books.	significant milestones for religious	and non-religious people.	moksha, etc.	Make connections between Muslim
	How do we show care for others?	What is the Trinity and why is it in	nnortant to Christians?	Give evidence and examples to show	beliefs studied and Muslim ways of
Christmas means different things to	Why does it matter?	Know about Gospels and the type		how Hindus put their beliefs into	living in Britain/Bedfordshire today.
Christians and non-Christians		Know about Gospels and the type	or stories they note	practice in different ways	Consider and weigh up the value of,
	The value of all people – relate to	Texts about baptism and trinity, ar	nd what they mean, and how they		e.g. submission, obedience,
Advent	Sacred texts and the Golden Rule	link to Christians today	a what they mean, and now they	Make connections	generosity, self-control and
		in to chilitians today		make connections between Hindu	worship in the lives of Muslims
Who is a Muslim? What do they	Stories in sacred texts show the	How Christians show their beliefs a	about God the Trinity in worship and	beliefs studied (e.g. karma and	today, and articulate responses on
believe and how do they live?	people care for each other.	in how they live their life	and an area area area area area area area a	dharma), and explain how and why	how far they are valuable to people
				they are important to Hindus reflect	who are not Muslims.
Learn stories about the Prophet	Examples from religious	What kind of world did Jesus wan	t?	on and articulate what impact belief	
Muhammed.	communities of serving others.	Know stories about the life of Jesus		in karma and dharma might have on	
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New vocabulary linked to Muslim faith.

Recognize the words of the Shahadah and that this is import to Muslims

Key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and 99 names of Allah

## Why does Easter matter to Christians?

How the Easter story links to the ideas of New life.

Key vocabulary including salvation, incarnation and resurrection.

How Christian show their beliefs through worship at Easter.

# What makes some places significant? What makes some places sacred to believers?

Know about church and synagogue and what people do there.

Name objects/symbols from places of worship.

Examples of inspirational people such as Mother Theresa or Doctor Barnado who served others.

# How do we show we care for the Earth? Why does it matter?

Stories and texts about the wonderful world such as the Jewish and Christian creation story in Genesis 1.

Khalifah – the Islamic belief that humans have a responsibility to look after the Earth.

Tikkun Olam- the Jewish idea of repairing the world.

Know threats to the environment and ways to address these.

Harvest and thanksgiving.

# Who is an inspiring person? What stories inspire Christian, Muslim and/or Jewish people?

Identify people from different religions that are admired as good followers of God.

Know some stories told by and about special people

Understand that some people inspire others and know characteristics that inspire others

Know how leaders are admired in different religions.

# What is the 'good news' Christians believe Jesus brings?

Know that stories from the Bible link with the concept of 'gospel' or good news.

The Bible instructs people on how to behave.

Know who the disciples were and link to Christians as disciples today

Know how Jesus treated outcasts, linking this to how Christians act today

### How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people?

To know Jewish beliefs about God and how the Exodus story is significant for Jews.

Links between Jewish beliefs and how Jews live and how they worship

The ten commandments

How the past has affected Jews and the importance of looking forward

### Why do Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?

To understand the Christian concept of salvation.

The events of Holy weeks and what each one means to Christians.

Links between the Gospels account of Holy Week and how Christian mark this week

To understand why Christian called the day Jesus died 'good Friday'

## <u>How is faith expressed in Hindu communities and traditions?</u> Identify key terms.

Key Hindu traditions, beliefs and values

Know how Hindu's show their faith

## How is faith expressed in Sikh communities and traditions?

Key Sikh traditions, beliefs and values

Examples of Sikh texts, and how this links to care and food for others in need  $\,$ 

## How do festivals and worship show what matters to Muslims?

Beliefs about God in Islam.

How beliefs in God link to ibadah (worship), and descriptions of how Muslims worship in a range of ways

The value of self-control and submission in Muslims,

The idea of living on harmony with the creator and link to living in harmony with each other.

### For Christians what was the impact of Pentecost?

To know the story and meaning of Pentecost and make links between this and beliefs of Kingdom of God on earth.

individuals and the world, recognising different points of view

# Justice and Poverty - U2.9: Justice and poverty: why does faith make a difference?

#### Make sense of belief

Explain beliefs and teachings about justice from Christian and Muslim texts.

Compare their ideas about justice and fairness with those studied in Islam and Christianity.

### Understand the impact

Make clear connections between belief about justice from sacred texts and the actions of a modern religiously based charity.

Describe clearly examples of the impact of charitable work in the world today.

Explain some differences between

#### Make connections

the two charities.

Raise questions about charity, justice and the impact of religion and beliefs, suggesting answers.
Explain the importance of the idea that God loves justice and is just to Muslims and Christians.
Express their own ideas about justice.

Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views Inspiring Others. U2.4: How and why do some people inspire others?

#### Make sense of belief

Explain beliefs about how inspirational people can bring believers closer to God.

Describe examples of texts or quotes which explain what an ideal way of life might be.

Compare about different inspiring leaders from different religions.

### Understand the impact

Make clear connections between belief about living a good life and the leaders they study. Give examples of the impact of faith on life. Explain differences between leaders from different religions.

### Make connections

Raise questions about the concept of 'inspirational people', suggesting good answers.

Explain the importance of role models from different religions Express their own response to the inspiring lives they have studied.

### Christianity/Humanism U2.3: Values: what matters most to Humanists and Christians?

### Make sense of belief

Identify and explain beliefs about why people are good and bad (e.g. Christian and Humanist).

Make links with sources of authority that tell people how to be good (e.g. Christian ideas of 'being made in the image of God' but 'fallen'; Humanists saying people can be 'good without God', and exist without a designer).

### Understand the impact

	Learn stories that promote forgiveness and peace	To learn what Pentecost means to Christians today To know what Christians, mean by 'the Holy Spirit'  What are the deeper meanings of festivals? [Muslims, Jewish people, Hindus, Sikhs, non-religious celebrations] Know about religious festivals, how they are celebrated, and link to texts and stories.  Know the key values in festivals and how people show devotion and commitment to them.  To know and make links between different festivals that celebrate the triumph of good over evil.  How and why do people try to make the world a better place? [Christians, Muslims, Sikhs, non-religious people] Know why the world is not always a good place, linking to Christian idea of sin.  Know examples of how people live their lives, and how people put their beliefs into action			Make clear connections between Christian and Humanist ideas about being good and how people live. Suggest reasons why it might be helpful to follow a moral code and why it might be difficult, offering different points of view.  Make connections Raise important questions and suggest answers about how and why people should be good make connections between the values studied and their own lives, and their importance in the world today, giving good reasons for their views.
Key Skills	Key Skills	Key Skills: Year 3	Key Skills: Year 4	Key Skills:	Key Skills:
Recognize and name features of	Identify how religion and belief is	Identify similarities and			
religions and beliefs  Recall features of religious, spiritual and moral stories and other forms of religious expression  Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make Identify what they find interesting and puzzling in life	expressed in different ways  Identify similarities and differences in features of religions and beliefs  Ask questions about their own and others' feelings and experiences  Identify possible meanings for symbols and other forms of religious expression	differences between religions and beliefs  Investigate and connect features of religions and beliefs  Identify the impacts of beliefs and practices on people's lives  Make links between beliefs, stories and practices	Comment on connections between questions, beliefs, values and practices  Describe the impact of beliefs and practices on individuals, groups and communities  Explain examples of texts and stories which lie behind religious festivals in terms of the values and	Y5 Making sense of belief: Belief. Recall, remember, name and talk about simple beliefs, stories and festivals. Belief. Identify beliefs, describe them simply, give examples and suggest meanings. Belief. Describe beliefs and concepts, connecting them to texts, suggesting examples	Y6 Making sense of belief: Belief. Describe beliefs and concepts, connecting them to texts, suggesting examples Belief. Explain and give meanings for core texts and beliefs, comparing different ideas. Belief. Explain important beliefs reasonably, describing different interpretations.
Recognize symbols and other forms of religious expression  Identify a belief about worship and a belief about God, connecting these beliefs simply to a place of worship	Retell religious, spiritual and moral stories  Suggest feelings and reactions of characters at key points in faith stories, and suggest meanings in the stories	Ask significant questions about religions and beliefs  Describe and suggest meanings for symbols and other forms of religious expression	Suggest meanings for a range of forms of religious expression, using appropriate vocabulary and evidence drawn from prior study	Y5 Understand the impact: Impact. Observe, notice and recognise simple aspects of religion in their own communities. Impact. Give examples of what difference it makes to belong to and believe in a religion. Impact. Connect stories, teachings,	Y6 Understand the impact: Impact. Connect stories, teachings, concepts and texts with how religious people live, celebrate and worship. Impact. Use evidence and examples to show how and why beliefs make a difference to life.
Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas	Ask and suggest answers to questions arising from their learning about holy books  Think, talk and ask more complex questions such as questions about what difference believing in God	Make links between religious texts and festivals celebrated today.  Make connections between religious beliefs and teaching and making the world a better place.	Describe similarities and differences within and between religions and beliefs  Gather, select, and organize ideas about religion and belief	concepts and texts with how religious people live, celebrate and worship.  Y5 Make connections: Connections. Begin to find out about and link religions and beliefs.	Impact. Use evidence and reasoning to show how and why beliefs and moral values are put into action today.  Y6 Make connections: Connections. Suggest and link questions, including your own ideas

	makes to how people treat the natural world  Recognize that some questions about life are difficult to answer	Make links with the value of personal reflection, saying 'sorry', being forgiven, being grateful, seeking freedom and justice in the world today, including pupils' own lives, and giving good reasons for their ideas	Suggest answers to some questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs  Consider questions about the belief that God is at work in human life.	Connections. Think, talk and ask questions about religion and belief for themselves. Connections. Suggest and link questions, including your own ideas about the differences religion makes.	about the differences religion makes. Connections. Connect their own reflections and views to the religions and beliefs they study, developing insights. Connections. Respond reasonably to the challenges raised by religions and beliefs with coherent views and connections of your own.
Key Vocabulary God, Christian, Bible, incarnation, nativity, salvation, resurrection, Holy Week, advent, parable, Allah, Mohammed, prophet, Muslim, Qur'an, Shahadah, Iman, five pillars, mosque, Mezuzah, Shema, Hanukkah, Pesach, Shabbat, Sukkot, Torah, synagogue, scrolls, holy, crucifix, font, lectern, icons, ark, Ner Tamid, Tallit, kippah, calligraphy, minibar, mihrab, muezzin	Key Vocabulary Revisit vocabulary from year 1 plus:  - Festivals, Diwali, Holi, Eid-ul-Fitr, faith, celebration, remembrance, symbol, Yad, sacred, respect, creator, Golden Rule, charity, zakah, tzedakah, Sewa, Khalsa Aid, Khalifah, Tikkun Olam, Tu B'shevat, Harvest, Revelation, Commandment, Patriarch, Lord, gospel, forgiveness, confession, peace	Key Vocabulary: Use and apply vocabulary introduced in Key Stage 1 plus: -  Lower KS2: Worship, community, pilgrimage, church, mandir, mosque, gurdwara, Eucharist, puja, langar, spiritual, milestone, ritual, baptism, communion, confession, Bar/Bat Mitzvah Humanist, commitment, marriage, Trinity, Holy Spirit, Saviour, Creator, disciple, leper, sin, obedience, penalty, Palm Sunday, Good Friday, Easter Sunday, Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, shofar, tashlich, Day of Atonement, repentance, deliverance, Seder, Passover, Pesach, Sanatan Dharma, Bhagavad Gita, Aum symbols, mutis, prashad, Lakshmi, Navarati, Durga Puja Sikh, Waheguru, guru, Adi Granth, Khalsa, Amritsar, Ramadan, Islam, tawhid, salah, ibadah, Pentecost, generosity, service		Key Vocabulary: See topic outlines	Key Vocabulary: See topic outlines